

AUDIT COMMITTEE WEDNESDAY, 23RD NOVEMBER, 2022

# Please find attached the covering letters and report in respect of Item 6(b) on the agenda for the above meeting

6.	External Audit Annual Audit Reports 2021-22 (Pages 3 - 88)	20 mins
	Consider the Annual Audit Reports from the External Auditor on various entities for review and scrutiny prior to Council approval. (Copy attached).	
	<ul> <li>(a) Scottish Borders Council Pension Fund 2021-22 Annual Audit Report (copy attached);</li> </ul>	
	(b) Audit Scotland Scottish Borders Council annual report (Covering letters and report attached.)	

This page is intentionally left blank

102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

EH3 9DN G2 1BT T: 0131 625 1500 E: info@audit-scotland.gov.uk

8 Nelson Mandela Place Glasgow G2 1BT

The Green House Item 6

Beechwood Business Park North Inverness IV2 3BL



## **Audit Committee**

www.audit-scotland.gov.uk

23 November 2022

### Scottish Borders Council Audit of 2021/22 annual accounts

#### Independent auditor's report

**1.** Our audit work on the 2021/22 annual accounts is now substantially complete. Subject to the satisfactory conclusion of any outstanding matters and receipt of a revised set of annual accounts for final review, we anticipate being able to issue a modified but unqualified audit opinion in the independent auditor's report on 24 November 2022 (the proposed report is attached at **Appendix A**).

#### Annual audit report

**2.** Under International Standards on Auditing in the UK, we report specific matters arising from the audit of the financial statements to those charged with governance of a body in sufficient time to enable appropriate action. We present for the Audit Committee's consideration our draft annual report on the 2021/22 audit. The section headed "Significant findings from the audit in accordance with ISA 260" sets out the issues identified in respect of the annual accounts.

**3.** The report also sets out conclusions from our consideration of the four audit dimensions that frame the wider scope of public audit as set out in the Code of Audit Practice.

4. This report will be issued in final form after the annual accounts have been certified.

#### Unadjusted misstatements

**5.** We also report to those charged with governance all unadjusted misstatements which we have identified during our audit, other than those of a trivial nature and request that these misstatements be corrected.

6. We have no unadjusted misstatements to be corrected.

#### Fraud, subsequent events and compliance with laws and regulations

**7.** In presenting this report to the Audit Committee we seek confirmation from those charged with governance of any instances of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; any subsequent events that have occurred since the date of the financial statements; or material non-compliance with laws and regulations affecting the entity that should be brought to our attention.

### **Representations from Acting Chief Financial Officer**

**8.** As part of the completion of our audit, we are seeking written representations from the Acting Chief Financial Officer on aspects of the annual accounts, including the judgements and estimates made.

**9.** A draft letter of representation is attached at <u>Appendix B</u>. This should be signed and returned to us by the Acting Chief Financial Officer with the signed annual accounts prior to the independent auditor's report being certified.

Yours faithfully,

Gillian Woolman MA FCA CPFA

Audit Director

# Appendix A: Proposed Independent Auditor's Report

Independent auditor's report to the members of Scottish Borders Council and the Accounts Commission

## **Reporting on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the annual accounts of Scottish Borders Council and its group for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973. The financial statements comprise the group and council-only Movement in Reserves Statements, Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statements, Balance Sheets, and Cash Flow Statements, the council-only Council Tax Income Account, Non-Domestic Rate Account, Trust Funds and Common Good Funds and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22 (the 2021/22 Code).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable law and the 2021/22 Code of the state of affairs of the council and its group as at 31 March 2022 and of the income and expenditure of the council and its group for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2021/22 Code; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014, and the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003.

#### Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I was appointed under arrangements approved by the Accounts Commission on 10 April 2017. The period of total uninterrupted appointment is 6 years. I am independent of the council and its group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Non-audit services prohibited by the Ethical Standard were not provided to the council. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the ability of the council and its group to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

These conclusions are not intended to, nor do they, provide assurance on the current or future financial sustainability of the council and its group. However, I report on the council's arrangements for financial sustainability in a separate Annual Audit Report available from the <u>Audit Scotland website</u>.

#### **Risks of material misstatement**

I report in my Annual Audit Report the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement that I identified and my judgements thereon.

# Responsibilities of the Acting Chief Financial Officer and Audit Committee for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the Acting Chief Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the Acting Chief Financial Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Acting Chief Financial Officer is responsible for assessing the ability of the council and its group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless there is an intention to discontinue the operations of the council and its group.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

• obtaining an understanding of the applicable legal and regulatory framework and how the council and its group is complying with that framework;

- identifying which laws and regulations are significant in the context of the council and its group;
- assessing the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the council's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

# **Reporting on other requirements**

# Opinion prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the audited part of the Remuneration Report

I have audited the part of the Remuneration Report described as audited. In my opinion, the audited part of the Remuneration Report has been properly prepared in accordance with The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014.

#### Other information

The Acting Chief Financial Officer is responsible for other information in the annual accounts. The other information comprises the Management Commentary, Annual Governance Statement, Statement of Responsibilities and the unaudited part of the Remuneration Report.

My responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Management Commentary and Annual Governance Statement to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission.

# Opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the Management Commentary and Annual Governance Statement

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Management Commentary for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with statutory guidance issued under the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003; and
- the information given in the Annual Governance Statement for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework (2016).

#### Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by the Accounts Commission to report to you if, in my opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements and the audited part of the Remuneration Report are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit; or
- there has been a failure to achieve a prescribed financial objective.

I have the following to report in respect of these matters.

Scottish Borders Council has a duty under section 10 of the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003 to conduct their significant trading operations so that income is not less than expenditure over a rolling three-year period. Scottish Borders Council has failed to comply with this statutory requirement for the three-year period ending 31 March 2022 in respect of their significant trading operation, SBc Contracts.

I have nothing to report in respect of the other matters.

#### Conclusions on wider scope responsibilities

In addition to my responsibilities for the annual accounts, my conclusions on the wider scope responsibilities specified in the Code of Audit Practice, including those in respect of Best Value, are set out in my Annual Audit Report.

### Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Gillian Woolman MA FCA CPFA Audit Director Audit Scotland 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Date:

# Appendix B: Letter of Representation (ISA 580)

Gillian Woolman 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Dear Gillian

### Scottish Borders Council Annual Report Accounts 2021/22

**1.** This representation letter is provided about your audit of the annual accounts of Scottish Borders Council and its group for the year ended 31 March 2022 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for expressing other opinions on the remuneration report, management commentary and annual governance statement.

**2.** I confirm to the best of my knowledge and belief and having made appropriate enquiries of the Acting Chief Executive and Corporate Management Team, the following representations given to you in connection with your audit of Scottish Borders Council's annual accounts for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### General

**3.** Scottish Borders Council and I have fulfilled our statutory responsibilities for the preparation of the 2021/22 annual accounts. All the accounting records, documentation and other matters which I am aware are relevant to the preparation of the annual accounts have been made available to you for the purposes of your audit. All transactions undertaken by Scottish Borders Council have been recorded in the accounting records and are properly reflected in the financial statements.

**4.** I confirm that the effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, individually and in aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole. I am not aware of any uncorrected misstatements other than those reported by you.

#### **Financial Reporting Framework**

**5.** The annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22 (2021/22 accounting code), and in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003 and The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014.

**6.** In accordance with the 2014 regulations, I have ensured that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Scottish Borders Council and its group at 31 March 2022 and the transactions for 2021/22.

### **Accounting Policies & Estimates**

**7.** All significant accounting policies applied are as shown in the notes to the financial statements. The accounting policies are determined by the 2021/22 accounting code where applicable. Where the code does not specifically apply, I have used judgement in developing and applying an accounting policy that results in information that is relevant and reliable. All accounting policies applied are appropriate to Scottish Borders Council's circumstances and have been consistently applied.

**8.** The significant assumptions used in making accounting estimates are reasonable and properly reflected in the financial statements. Judgements used in making estimates have been based on the latest available, reliable information. Estimates have been revised where there are changes in the circumstances on which the original estimate was based or as a result of new information or experience.

### **Going Concern Basis of Accounting**

**9.** I have assessed Scottish Borders Council's ability to continue to use the going concern basis of accounting and have concluded that it is appropriate. I am not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on Scottish Borders Council's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Assets

**10.** I have satisfied myself that the carrying amount of assets at 31 March 2022 does not differ materially from that which would be determined if a revaluation had been carried out at that date.

**11.** I carried out an assessment at 31 March 2022 as to whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired and have recognised any impairment losses identified.

**12.** I have provided you with all information of which I am aware regarding any valuation exercises carried out after 31 March 2022.

**13.** There are no plans or intentions that are likely to affect the carrying value or classification of the assets recognised within the financial statements.

**14.** Owned assets are free from any lien, encumbrance or charge except as disclosed in the financial statements.

### Liabilities

**15.** All liabilities at 31 March 2022 of which I am aware have been recognised in the annual accounts.

**16.** Provisions have been recognised in the financial statements for all liabilities of uncertain timing or amount at 31 March 2022 of which I am aware where the conditions specified in the 2021/22 accounting code have been met. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure likely to be required to settle the obligation at 31 March 2022. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the provision has been discounted to the present value of the expected payments.

**17.** Provisions recognised in previous years have been reviewed and adjusted, where appropriate, to reflect the best estimate at 31 March 2022 or to reflect material changes in the assumptions underlying the calculations of the cash flows.

**18.** The accrual recognised in the financial statements for holiday untaken by 31 March 2022 has been estimated on a reasonable basis.

**19.** The pension assumptions made by the actuary in the IAS 19 report for Scottish Borders Council have been considered and I confirm that they are consistent with management's own view.

**20.** There are no plans or intentions that are likely to affect the carrying value or classification of the liabilities recognised in the financial statements.

#### **Contingent liabilities**

**21.** There are no significant contingent liabilities, other than those disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements, arising either under formal agreement or through formal undertakings requiring disclosure in the accounts. All known contingent liabilities have been fully and properly disclosed, including any outstanding legal claims which have not been provided under the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22 and IAS 37.

**22.** With specific reference to equal pay claims I can confirm that it is not possible to quantify the contingent liability.

#### Fraud

**23.** I have provided you with all information in relation to:

- my assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated because of fraud
- any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the financial statements
- fraud or suspected fraud that I am aware of involving management, employees who have a significant role in internal control, or others that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Laws and Regulations

**24.** I have disclosed to you all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

**25.** All material transactions with related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements in accordance with the 2021/22 accounting code. I have made available to you the identity of all the Scottish Borders Council's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which I am aware.

#### **Remuneration Report**

**26.** The Remuneration Report has been prepared in accordance with the Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2014, and all required information of which I am aware has been provided to you.

#### **Management commentary**

**27.** I confirm that the Management Commentary has been prepared in accordance with the statutory guidance and the information is consistent with the financial statements.

#### **Corporate Governance**

**28.** I confirm that Scottish Borders Council has undertaken a review of the system of internal control during 2021/22 to establish the extent to which it complies with proper practices set out in the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework 2016. I have disclosed to you all deficiencies in internal control identified from this review or of which I am otherwise aware.

**29.** I confirm that the Annual Governance Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework 2016 and the information is consistent with the financial statements. There have been no changes in the corporate governance arrangements or issues identified, since 31 March 2022, which require to be reflected.

#### **Group Accounts**

**30.** I have identified all the other entities in which Scottish Borders Council has a material interest and have classified and accounted for them in accordance with the 2021/22 accounting code. Any significant issues with the financial statements of group entities, including any qualified audit opinions, have been advised to you.

#### **Common Good Fund**

**31.** I confirm, to the best of my ability, that all material common good assets have been identified and correctly accounted for within the common good financial statements and where appropriate, common good assets in use by the Council have been assessed and accounted for in line with IAS 17.

#### **Events Subsequent to the Date of the Balance Sheet**

**32.** All events subsequent to 31 March 2022 for which the 2021/22 accounting code requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.

Yours sincerely

Suzanne Douglas Acting Chief Financial Officer This page is intentionally left blank

102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

T: 0131 625 1500 E: info@audit-scotland.gov.uk www.audit-scotland.gov.uk

# **VAUDIT** SCOTLAND

# Audit Committee

# **Scottish Borders Council**

23.11.2022

**Dear Trustees** 

# Charitable Trusts administered by Scottish Borders Council Report to those charged with governance on the Audit of 2021/22 annual accounts

- In accordance with the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 an audit is required for all registered charities where the local authority is the sole trustee irrespective of the size of the charity. This is due to the interaction of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. Audit Scotland has been appointed as the auditor of the relevant charitable trusts for the year ended 31 March 2022.
- 2. Under International Standards on Auditing in the UK, we report specific matters arising from the audit of the financial statements to those charged with governance of a body in sufficient time to enable appropriate action. The trustees of the charities are the elected members of Scottish Borders Council (the council). Therefore, members of the Audit Committee of the council are identified as those charged with governance.
- 3. This report sets out for the Audit Committee's consideration, the matters arising from the audit of the financial statements for 2021/22 that require to be reported under ISA 260. We are drawing to your attention those matters we think are worthy of note, so that you can consider them before the financial statements are approved by the council and audit certified.
- 4. An audit of the financial statements is not designed to identify all matters that may be relevant to those charged with governance. It is the auditor's responsibility to form and express an opinion on the financial statements prepared by management; however, this does not relieve management of their responsibilities in this respect. This report has been prepared for the use of the council, as the trustees of the registered charitable trusts listed at Appendices A to F, and no responsibility to any third party is accepted.

#### Status of the Audit

5. We received the unaudited financial statements on 30 June 2022 in line with the agreed audit timetable. The working papers and information provided in support of the financial statements were of a good quality. Finance staff provided support to the audit team through the course of the audit. The issues arising from the audit were discussed with officers during the audit.

#### Significant matters to be reported to those charged with governance

- 6. Identified misstatements of £7.6 million in respect of Common Good Funds and £0.1 million in respect of the Ormiston Trust for Institute were adjusted in the annual accounts. We did not need to revise our audit approach as a result of these misstatements. Details of these adjustments are provided below.
- 7. Common Good Funds Asset Transfer
  - 7.1. Following a judicial review and public consultation, a number of assets within the council's balance sheet were identified as assets belonging to the Common Good Funds as they sit on Common Good land. These assets were transferred to the Common Good Funds and accounted for as a disposal within the council's 2021/22 unaudited annual accounts.
  - 7.2. Our review of the assets transferred identified a number of assets which were operated by the council to provide services and therefore should be accounted for as finance lease assets within the council's accounts. No formal lease agreements were in place between the council and the Common Good Funds for the continued use of these assets at 31 March 2022.
  - 7.3. For the remaining assets we identified that the carrying value of these assets was material to the Common Good Funds. The appropriate accounting treatment would therefore have been to restate the prior year accounts on the basis that these assets were always owned by the Common Good Funds.
  - 7.4. Management agreed that all assets identified as currently used by the council to deliver services should be treated as finance lease assets and the carrying value of these assets would be retained within the council's accounts until formal arrangements for the council's continued use of the assets were put in place.
  - 7.5. Adjustments were made to the financial statements of the Common Good Funds' accounts to reverse the transfer of these assets. This resulted in a decrease of £9.0 million in the carrying value of land and buildings at 31 March 2022 (including £0.4 million relating to depreciation and revaluation applied after the original transfer). Appropriate adjustments were also made to the council's accounts.

- **7.6.** A prior year (2020/21) restatement of the carrying value of assets totalling £0.5 million was made to reflect those assets transferred to the Common Good Funds that are to remain within the Common Good /Funds. The equivalent adjustment was made to the accounts of the council.
- 7.7. Additional disclosures have been made within the notes to the accounts.
- 7.8. Management have agreed to review the arrangements between the Common Good Funds and the council for the continued use of assets in 2022/23 and will make any adjustments required to the accounts once these have been agreed.
- 8. Valuation of land and buildings
  - 8.1. As part of the year end audit process, the internal valuer and finance team were asked to carry out an assessment of those assets not revalued in 2021/22 to provide assurances that the carrying value of assets was not materially misstated at 31 March 2022.
  - 8.2. A review of the valuation of a sample of assets across all categories was completed by the internal valuer and this indicated that there was a material movement in asset values, particularly in respect of those assets valued on a depreciated replacement cost basis. This increase was due to significant market driven movements which resulted in an increase in asset values.
  - 8.3. As a result of this assessment and known market conditions there was a potential material misstatement in the carrying value of land and buildings at 31 March 2022.
  - **8.4.** Management made the decision to instruct the internal valuer to carry out a full desktop review of all land and building assets at 31 March 2022.
  - 8.5. The finance team updated the asset registers to reflect these revised valuations and adjusted the annual accounts to reflect an uplift in the carrying value of Common Good Funds assets (£1.4 million) and the Ormiston Trust for Institute assets (£0.1m).
  - 8.6. Management have agreed to amend their formal revaluation date from 1 April to 31 March going forward.
  - 8.7. An exercise will be carried out annually by the internal valuer to ensure that assets not revalued in year are assessed for indication of material movements and provide assurance to management that the carrying value of assets represents fair value.
- 9. We report to those charged with governance all unadjusted misstatements which we have identified during our audit, other than those of a trivial nature and request that these misstatements be corrected.
- **10.** There were no unadjusted misstatements that exceeded our reporting threshold.

#### Conduct and scope of the audit

- 11. We are required to audit the financial statements of the charitable trusts where the sole trustees are elected members of the council.
- 12. Information on the integrity and objectivity of the appointed auditor and audit staff, and the nature and scope of the audit, were outlined in the Annual Audit Plan of the council, presented to the Audit and Scrutiny Committee on 27 June 2022 and follow the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice prepared by Audit Scotland in 2016.
- 13. As part of the requirement to provide full and fair disclosure of matters relating to our independence, we can confirm that we have not undertaken non-audit related services. The 2021/22 agreed fee for the audit was disclosed in the Scottish Borders Council Annual Audit Plan and as we did not carry out any additional work out with the planned audit activity this fee remains unchanged.

#### Fraud, subsequent events and compliance with laws and regulations

14. In presenting this report we seek confirmation from those charged with governance of any instances of actual, suspected or alleged fraud; any subsequent events that have occurred since the date of the financial statements; or material non-compliance with laws and regulations affecting the entity that should be brought to our attention. A specific confirmation from management in relation to fraud has been included in the letter of representation template **(Appendix G)**.

#### **Audit Opinion and Representations**

- 15. As part of the completion of our audit, we are seeking written representations from the Acting Chief Financial Officer on aspects of the financial statements, including the judgements and estimates made.
- 16. A letter of representation template is attached at Appendix G. This should be copied on headed paper and returned by the Acting Chief Financial Officer with the final agreed financial statements of the six Common Good Funds and Trusts.
- 17. No material weaknesses in the accounting and internal control systems were identified during the audit which could adversely affect the ability to record, process, summarise and report financial and other relevant data so as to result in a material misstatement in the financial statements.

#### Independent auditor's reports

 Our audit work on the 2021/22 annual accounts of the six Common Good Funds and Trusts is now substantially complete. We anticipate being able to issue unqualified audit opinions in the independent auditor's reports on 24 November 2022 (the proposed reports are at **Appendices A-F**).

#### Acknowledgements

**19.** We would like to express our thanks to elected members, officers, in particular finance staff, of Scottish Borders Council for their help and assistance during our audit appointment.

Yours faithfully,

Asif A Haseeb OBE

Engagement Lead

# Appendix A : Proposed Independent auditor's report

Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Scottish Borders Council Charitable Trusts and the Accounts Commission

#### **Reporting on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the statement of accounts of Scottish Borders Council Charitable Trusts for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 8 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities , the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the trustees determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees intend to discontinue the charity's operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

- obtaining an understanding of the applicable legal and regulatory framework and how the charity is complying with that framework;
- identifying which laws and regulations are significant in the context of the charity;
- assessing the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the charity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

### **Reporting on other requirements**

#### Other information

The trustees are responsible for other information in the statement of accounts. The other information comprises the Trustees' Annual Report.

My responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Trustees' Annual Report to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinion prescribed by the Accounts Commission.

# Opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the Trustees' Annual Report

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102).

#### Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by The Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to report to you if, in my opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Asif A Haseeb OBE 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Asif A Haseeb OBE is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

# Appendix B : Proposed Independent auditor's report

Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Scottish Borders Council Common Good Funds and the Accounts Commission

#### **Reporting on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the statement of accounts of Scottish Borders Council Common Good Funds for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 8 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the trustees determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees intend to discontinue the charity's operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

- obtaining an understanding of the applicable legal and regulatory framework and how the charity is complying with that framework;
- identifying which laws and regulations are significant in the context of the charity;
- assessing the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the charity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

### **Reporting on other requirements**

#### Other information

The trustees are responsible for other information in the statement of accounts. The other information comprises the Trustees' Annual Report.

My responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Trustees' Annual Report to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinion prescribed by the Accounts Commission.

# Opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the Trustees' Annual Report

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102).

Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by The Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to report to you if, in my opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Asif A Haseeb OBE 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Asif A Haseeb OBE is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

# Appendix C : Proposed Independent auditor's report

Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Scottish Borders Council Community Enhancement Trust and the Accounts Commission

#### Reporting on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the statement of accounts of Scottish Borders Council Community Enhancement Trust for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 8 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the trustees determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees intend to discontinue the charity's operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

- obtaining an understanding of the applicable legal and regulatory framework and how the charity is complying with that framework;
- identifying which laws and regulations are significant in the context of the charity;
- assessing the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the charity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

### **Reporting on other requirements**

#### Other information

The trustees are responsible for other information in the statement of accounts. The other information comprises the Trustees' Annual Report.

My responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Trustees' Annual Report to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinion prescribed by the Accounts Commission.

# Opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the Trustees' Annual Report

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102).

Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by The Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to report to you if, in my opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Asif A Haseeb OBE 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Asif A Haseeb OBE is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

# Appendix D : Proposed Independent auditor's report

Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Scottish Borders Council Education Trust and the Accounts Commission

#### **Reporting on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the statement of accounts of Scottish Borders Council Education Trust for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 8 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the trustees determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees intend to discontinue the charity's operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

- obtaining an understanding of the applicable legal and regulatory framework and how the charity is complying with that framework;
- identifying which laws and regulations are significant in the context of the charity;
- assessing the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the charity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

### **Reporting on other requirements**

#### Other information

The trustees are responsible for other information in the statement of accounts. The other information comprises the Trustees' Annual Report.

My responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Trustees' Annual Report to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinion prescribed by the Accounts Commission.

# Opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the Trustees' Annual Report

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102).

Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by The Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to report to you if, in my opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Asif A Haseeb OBE 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Asif A Haseeb OBE is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

# Appendix E : Proposed Independent auditor's report

Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust and the Accounts Commission

#### **Reporting on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the statement of accounts of Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 8 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the trustees determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees intend to discontinue the charity's operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

- obtaining an understanding of the applicable legal and regulatory framework and how the charity is complying with that framework;
- identifying which laws and regulations are significant in the context of the charity;
- assessing the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the charity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

#### **Reporting on other requirements**

#### Other information

The trustees are responsible for other information in the statement of accounts. The other information comprises the Trustees' Annual Report.

My responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Trustees' Annual Report to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinion prescribed by the Accounts Commission.

## Opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the Trustees' Annual Report

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102).

Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by The Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to report to you if, in my opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Asif A Haseeb OBE 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Asif A Haseeb OBE is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

#### Appendix F : Proposed Independent auditor's report

Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Scottish Borders Council Welfare Trust and the Accounts Commission

#### **Reporting on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

I certify that I have audited the financial statements in the statement of accounts of Scottish Borders Council Welfare Trust for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In my opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and regulation 8 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> approved by the Accounts Commission for Scotland. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

I have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work I have performed, I have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the trustees determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees intend to discontinue the charity's operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. I design procedures in line with my responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

- obtaining an understanding of the applicable legal and regulatory framework and how the charity is complying with that framework;
- identifying which laws and regulations are significant in the context of the charity;
- assessing the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which my procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the charity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

#### **Reporting on other requirements**

#### Other information

The trustees are responsible for other information in the statement of accounts. The other information comprises the Trustees' Annual Report.

My responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If I identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, I am required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Trustees' Annual Report to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinion prescribed by the Accounts Commission.

## Opinions prescribed by the Accounts Commission on the Trustees' Annual Report

In my opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102).

Matters on which I am required to report by exception

I am required by The Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 to report to you if, in my opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of my report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 120 of the Code of Audit Practice, I do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Asif A Haseeb OBE 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

Asif A Haseeb OBE is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Part VII of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

#### **APPENDIX G: Letter of Representation (ISA 580)**

Asif A Haseeb OBE Audit Scotland 4th Floor 102 West Port Edinburgh EH3 9DN

#### Dear Mr Haseeb

### Charitable Trusts administered by Scottish Borders Council – Annual Accounts 2021/22

- Scottish Borders Council Charitable Trusts
- Scottish Borders Council Common Good Funds
- Scottish Borders Council Community Enhancement Trust
- Scottish Borders Council Education Trust
- Scottish Borders Council Ormiston Trust for Institute
- Scottish Borders Council Welfare Trust
- This representation letter is provided about your audit of the Annual Report and Financial Statements of the registered charitable trusts listed above for the year ended 31 March 2022 for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and properly present the financial position of each of these registered charitable trusts as at 31 March 2022 and their statements of financial activities for the year then ended.
- I confirm to the best of my knowledge and belief and having made appropriate enquiries of the trustees of the registered charitable trust where the sole trustees are members of Scottish Borders Council, the following representations given to you in connection with your audit for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### General

3. I acknowledge my responsibility and that of Scottish Borders Council (as the administering authority) for the financial statements and have fulfilled our statutory responsibilities for the preparation of the 2021/22 annual accounts. All the accounting records, documentation, and other matters which I am aware are relevant to the preparation of the annual accounts have been made available to you for the purposes of your audit. All transactions undertaken by the Charitable Trusts have been recorded in the accounting records and are properly reflected in the financial statements.

4. I confirm that the effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, individually and in aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole. I am not aware of any uncorrected misstatements other than those reported by you.

Financial Reporting Framework

- 5. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance FRS 102, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and the regulations 9(1), (2) and (3) of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.
- Disclosure has been made in the financial statements of all matters necessary for them to show a true and fair view of the registered charitable trusts for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### Accounting Policies & Estimates

7. The significant assumptions used in making accounting estimates are reasonable and properly reflected in the financial statements. There are no changes in estimation techniques which should be disclosed due to their having a material impact on the accounting disclosures.

#### Going Concern Basis of Accounting

8. The Trustees have assessed the ability of the registered charitable trusts to carry on as a going concern, and have disclosed in the financial statements, any material uncertainties that have arisen as a result. I am not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Charitable Trusts' abilities to continue as going concerns.

#### Assets

- **9.** The investments shown in the balance sheets at 31 March 2022 were owned by the registered charities.
- **10.** Assets are free from any lien, encumbrance, or charge except as disclosed in the financial statements. There are no plans or intentions that are likely to affect the carrying value or classification of the assets within the financial statements.
- 11. I have satisfied myself that the carrying amount of assets at 31 March 2022 does not differ materially from that which would be determined if a revaluation had been carried out at that date. I have provided you with all information of which I am aware regarding any valuation exercises carried out after 31 March 2022.
- **12.** I carried out an assessment at 31 March 2022 as to whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired and have recognised any impairment losses identified.

#### Fraud

- **13.** I have provided you with all information in relation to:
  - my assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated because of fraud
  - any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the financial statements
  - fraud or suspected fraud that I am aware of involving management, employees who have a significant role in internal control, or others that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Laws and Regulations

 I have disclosed to you all known instances of non-compliance or suspected noncompliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

15. All material transactions with related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements. I have made available to you all the relevant information concerning such transactions, and I am not aware of any other matters that require disclosure to comply with the requirements of IAS24.

#### **Corporate Governance**

**16.** I confirm that there are no issues or deficiencies in internal control that require to be disclosed.

Events Subsequent to the Date of the Balance Sheet

- 17. There have been no material events since the date of the balance sheets which necessitate revision of the figures in the financial statements or notes thereto including contingent assets and liabilities.
- 18. Since the date of the balance sheets no events or transactions have occurred which, though properly excluded from the financial statements, are of such importance that they should be brought to your notice.

Yours sincerely

Suzanne Douglas Acting Chief Financial Officer

## Scottish Borders Council

#### 2021/22 Annual Audit Report





Prepared for the Members of Scottish Borders Council and the Controller of Audit November 2022

## Contents

Key messages	3
Introduction	4
1. Audit of 2021/22 annual accounts	7
2. Financial management	16
3. Financial sustainability	23
4. Governance and transparency	26
5. Best Value	29
Appendix 1. Action plan 2021/22	33
Appendix 2. Summary of 2021/22 national performance reports and briefing papers	41

## **Key messages**

#### 2021/22 annual accounts

- 1 Our audit opinions on the annual accounts are unqualified but our independent auditor's report includes a matter reported by exception.
- 2 Our audit opinions on the six section 106 charities administered by the council are unmodified.
- Identified gross misstatements of £85.3 million (including £55.7 million in respect of asset revaluations) were adjusted in the group annual accounts. We did not need to revise our audit approach as a result of these misstatements.

#### **Financial management and sustainability**

- 4 The council operated within budget in 2021/22.
- 5 The council continues to balance its budget each year and maintains a healthy level of reserves.
- 6 There are appropriate and effective budget setting, financial management and monitoring arrangements in place.
- 7 The council faces significant uncertainty for 2022/23 and beyond in line with every other Local Authority in Scotland.
- 8 Medium and longer-term financial plans are in place and have been updated to reflect the impact of the pandemic. This should help the council manage its future transformation planning.

#### **Governance and transparency**

- **9** Governance arrangements operating throughout the Covid-19 pandemic have been appropriate and operated effectively.
- **10** There is effective scrutiny, challenge and informed decision making.

#### **Best Value**

- **11** The council is making good progress in securing Best Value.
- **12** We have evaluated the council's arrangements for performance reporting and concluded that the council has made the necessary arrangements for collecting, recording, and publishing the statutory performance information.

## Introduction

**1.** This report summarises the findings arising from the 2021/22 audit of Scottish Borders Council (the council) and its group.

**2.** The scope of the audit was set out in our 2021/22 Annual Audit Plan presented to the 27 June 2022 meeting of the Audit and Scrutiny Committee. This report comprises the findings from:

- an audit of the annual accounts
- consideration of the four audit dimensions that frame the wider scope of public audit set out in the <u>Code of Audit Practice 2016</u> namely, financial management, financial sustainability, governance and transparency, and value for money.

**3.** The main elements of our audit work in 2021/22 have been:

- an audit of the annual accounts of the council and its group including the statement of accounts of the six section 106 charities administered by the council and the issue of independent auditor's reports setting out our opinions
- a review of the council's key financial systems
- audit work covering the council's arrangements for securing best value
- consideration of the four audit dimensions.

**4.** The global coronavirus pandemic and wider external factors including the war in Ukraine and Brexit have had a considerable impact on Scottish Borders Council during 2021/22. This has had significant implications for the services particularly with regards to the recruitment and retention of staff. Throughout 2021/22 the council continued to focus on business-critical activities.

#### Adding value through the audit

5. We add value to the council through the audit by:

- identifying and providing insight on significant risks, and making clear and relevant recommendations
- sharing intelligence and good practice through our national reports (Appendix 2) and good practice guides

• providing clear and focused conclusions on the appropriateness, effectiveness and impact of corporate governance, performance management arrangements and financial sustainability.

#### **Responsibilities and reporting**

**6.** The council has primary responsibility for ensuring the proper financial stewardship of public funds. This includes preparing annual accounts that are in accordance with proper accounting practices.

**7.** The council is also responsible for compliance with legislation and putting arrangements in place for governance and propriety that enable it to successfully deliver its objectives.

**8.** Our responsibilities as independent auditor appointed by the Accounts Commission are established by the Local Government in Scotland Act 1973, the <u>Code of Audit Practice 2016</u> and supplementary guidance, and International Standards on Auditing in the UK.

**9.** As public sector auditors we give independent opinions on the annual accounts. Additionally, we conclude on:

- the effectiveness of the council's performance management arrangements
- the suitability and effectiveness of corporate governance arrangements, and financial position
- the arrangements for securing financial sustainability and,
- Best Value arrangements.

**10.** Further details of the respective responsibilities of management and the auditor can be found in the <u>Code of Audit Practice 2016</u>. and supplementary guidance.

**11.** This report raises matters from our audit. Weaknesses or risks identified are only those which have come to our attention during our normal audit work and may not be all that exist. Communicating these does not absolve management from its responsibility to address the issues we raise and to maintain adequate systems of control.

**12.** Our annual audit report contains an agreed action plan at <u>Appendix 1</u> setting out specific recommendations, responsible officers, and dates for implementation. It also includes outstanding actions from last year and the steps being taken to implement them.

#### Auditor Independence

**13.** Auditors appointed by the Accounts Commission or Auditor General must comply with the Code of Audit Practice and relevant supporting guidance. When auditing the financial statements auditors must comply with professional standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council and those of the professional accountancy bodies. We can confirm that we comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard. We can also confirm that we have not undertaken any non-audit related services and therefore the 2021/22 audit fee of £293,310 (which includes £6,000 for the audit of the trusts) as set out in our Annual Audit Plan remains unchanged. We are not aware of any relationships that could compromise our objectivity and independence.

**14.** This report is addressed to both the council and the Controller of Audit and will be published on Audit Scotland's website <u>www.audit-scotland.gov.uk</u> in due course. We would like to thank the management and staff who have been involved in our work for their cooperation and assistance during the audit.

#### Audit appointment from 2022/23

**15.** The Accounts Commission is responsible for the appointment of external auditors to local government bodies. External auditors are usually appointed for a five-year term either from Audit Scotland's Audit Services Group or a private firm of accountants. The current appointment round was due to end in 2020/21 but this was extended for a year so that 2021/22 is the last year of the current appointment round.

**16.** The procurement process for the new round of audit appointments was completed in May 2022. From financial year 2022/23, a new engagement lead from Audit Scotland will be the appointed auditor for Scottish Borders Council. We are working closely with the new audit team to ensure a well-managed transition.

**17.** A new <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> applies to public sector audits for financial years starting on or after 1 April 2022. It replaces the Code issued in May 2016.

**18.** There are several significant changes introduced by the new Code, namely the integration of Best Value work into wider scope audit work and the audit of Best Value across the Integration Joint Boards.

**19.** We would like to thank Elected members, Audit Committee members, Directors, and other officers, particularly those in finance, for their co-operation and assistance over the last six years.

# 1. Audit of 2021/22 annual accounts

The principal means of accounting for the stewardship of resources and performance

#### Main judgements

Our audit opinions on the annual accounts are unqualified but our independent auditor's report includes a matter reported by exception.

Our audit opinions on the six section 106 charities administered by the council are unmodified.

Identified gross misstatements of £85.3 million were adjusted in the group annual accounts. We did not need to revise our audit approach as a result of these misstatements.

#### Our audit opinions on the annual accounts are unqualified but our independent auditor's report includes a matter reported by exception

**20.** The accounts for the council and its group for the year ended 31 March 2022 were approved by the council on 24 November 2022. As reported in the independent auditor's report:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view and were properly prepared in accordance with the financial reporting framework
- the audited part of the remuneration report, management commentary and the annual governance statement were all consistent with the financial statements and properly prepared in accordance with the relevant regulations and guidance
- the following matter has been included within our independent auditor's report as a matter reported by exception.

"Scottish Borders Council has a duty under section 10 of the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003 to conduct their significant trading operations so that income is not less than expenditure over a rolling three-year period. Scottish Borders Council has failed to comply with this statutory requirement for the three-year period ending 31 March 2022 in respect of their significant trading operation, SBc Contracts."

#### The Covid-19 pandemic had no impact on audit evidence

**21.** The working papers provided with the unaudited accounts were of a good standard and finance officers provided good support to the audit team during the audit. This helped ensure that the audit of the annual accounts process ran smoothly.

**22.** The annual audit continued to be conducted remotely. The completeness and accuracy of accounting records, and extent of information and explanations that we required for audit were not affected by this, and we were able to obtain the evidence we required for our audit testing.

## There annual accounts were submitted in line with our agreed audit timetable

**23.** The unaudited annual accounts were received in line with our agreed audit timetable on 24 June 2022.

#### Our audit opinions on Section 106 charities were unmodified

**24.** Due to the interaction of section 106 of the Local Government in Scotland Act 1973 with the charities' legislation, a separate independent auditor's report is required for the statement of accounts of each registered charity where members of Scottish Borders Council are sole trustees, irrespective of the size of the charity.

**25.** Due to Covid-19, the council has made limited progress in 2021/22 in reducing the number of Section 106 charities.

**26.** Our audit opinions on the six Section 106 charities are unmodified.

#### There were no objections raised to the annual accounts

**27.** The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014 require local government bodies to publish a public notice on its website that includes details of the period for inspecting and objecting to the accounts. This must remain on the website throughout the inspection period. The council complied with the regulations. There were no objections to the 2021/22 accounts.

#### Whole of Government Accounts (WGA)

**28.** We have completed the 2020/21 WGA assurance statement and submitted it to the National Audit Office (NAO) in accordance with guidance recently issued.

**29.** The 2021/22 WGA exercise is yet to be confirmed by the NAO and Treasury.

#### **Overall materiality is £6.7 million**

**30.** We apply the concept of materiality in both planning and performing the audit and in evaluating the effect of identified misstatement on the audit and of uncorrected misstatements, if any, on the financial statements and in forming the opinion in the independent auditor's report. We identify a benchmark on which to base overall materiality, such as gross expenditure, and apply what we judge to be the most appropriate percentage level for calculating materiality values.

**31.** The determination of materiality is based on professional judgement and is informed by our understanding of the entity and what users are likely to be most concerned about in the annual accounts. In assessing performance materiality, we have considered factors such as our findings from previous audits, any changes in business processes and the entity's control environment including fraud risks.

**32.** Our initial assessment of materiality for the annual accounts was carried out during the planning phase of the audit. This was reviewed and revised on receipt of the unaudited annual accounts and is summarised in <u>Exhibit 1</u>.

#### Exhibit 1 Materiality values (add Group materiality if relevant)

Materiality level	Planning materiality		Revised materiality	
	Council	Group	Council	Group
Overall materiality	£6.2 million	£6.2 million	£6.7 million	£6.7 million
Performance materiality	£3.7 million	£3.7 million	£4.0 million	£4.0 million
Reporting threshold	£250,000	£250,000	£250,000	£250,000

Source: Audit Scotland

## We have significant findings to report on the audited annual accounts

**33.** International Standard on Auditing (UK) 260 requires us to communicate significant findings from the audit to those charged with governance, including our view about the qualitative aspects of the body's accounting practices.

**34.** The significant findings are summarised in Exhibit 2.

#### Exhibit 2

#### Significant findings from the audit of the annual accounts

#### Issue

#### 1. Valuation of land & buildings

On 1 April 2021, Scottish Borders Council completed a formal revaluation of Social Work, Resources and Surplus assets in line with their rolling programme of asset valuations. These valuations were reflected within the 2021/22 unaudited accounts.

As part of the year end audit process, the internal valuer and finance team were asked to carry out an assessment of those assets not revalued in 2021/22 to provide assurances that the carrying value of assets was not materially misstated at 31 March 2022.

A review of the valuation of a sample of assets across all categories was completed by the internal valuer and this indicated that there was a material movement in asset values, particularly in respect of those assets valued on a depreciated replacement cost basis. This increase was due to significant market driven movements which resulted in an increase in asset values.

As a result of this assessment and known market conditions there was a potential material misstatement in the carrying value of land and buildings at 31 March 2022.

#### Resolution

Management made the decision to instruct the internal valuer to carry out a full desktop review of all land and building assets at 31 March 2022.

The finance team updated the asset registers to reflect these revised valuations and adjusted the annual accounts to reflect an uplift in the carrying value of council assets of £53.9 million.

The financial statements of the Trust and Common Good funds, which form part of the group, were also adjusted to reflect an uplift in the carrying value of assets of £0.4 million and £1.4 million respectively.

Management have agreed to amend their formal revaluation date to 31 March for asset categories starting with Education & Lifelong Learning properties scheduled to be revalued in 2022/23.

An exercise will be carried out annually by the internal valuer to ensure that assets not revalued in year are assessed for indication of material movements and provide assurance to management that the carrying value of assets represents fair value.

#### **Recommendation B/fwd 1**

(Refer Appendix 1, action plan)

Resolution

#### Issue

#### 2. Common Good Fund assets

Following a judicial review and public consultation, a number of assets within the council's balance sheet were identified as Common Good Fund assets as they sit on Common Good land. These assets were transferred to the Common Good Funds and accounted for as a disposal within the council's 2021/22 unaudited annual accounts.

Our review of the assets transferred identified a number of assets which were operated by Scottish Borders Council to provide services and therefore should be accounted for as finance lease assets within the council accounts. No formal lease agreements were in place between the council and the Common Good Funds for the continued use of these assets at 31 March 2022.

For the remaining assets it was identified that the carrying value of these assets was material to the Common Good Funds. The appropriate accounting treatment would therefore have been to restate the prior year accounts on the basis that these assets were always owned by the Common Good Funds.

#### Management agreed that all assets identified as currently used by the council to deliver services should be treated as finance lease assets, and the carrying value of these assets would be retained within the council's accounts until formal arrangements for the council's continued use of the assets were put in place.

Adjustments to the council's accounts totalling £8.6 million were made to include those assets at 31 March 2022 for these assets.

Gross adjustments totalling £9.0 million were made to the Common Good Funds for the removal of these assets. The difference (£0.4 million) being depreciation and revaluation applied after the original transfer which were reversed.

A prior year restatement of £0.5 million was made to reflect those remaining assets transferred to the Common Good Funds.

Additional disclosures have been made within the Management Commentary and notes to the accounts.

Management have agreed to review the arrangements between the Common Good Funds and the council for the continued use of assets in 2022/23 and will make any adjustments required to the accounts once these have been agreed.

#### **Recommendation B/fwd 2**

(Refer <u>Appendix 1</u>, action plan)

#### Issue

#### 3. Accounting for Covid-19 grants

During the 2021/22 audit, we identified that transactions relating to Covid-19 grants, which Scottish Borders Council administer on behalf the Scottish Government, were incorrectly included within the 2021/22 Comprehensive Income & Expenditure Statement.

These grants are accounted for as agency arrangements and therefore should not be included within the council's reported results.

Therefore, both income and expenditure were overstated by £20.1 million with no overall impact on the reported surplus.

We noted appropriate disclosures of these grants had been made within the council's agency note in the accounts.

#### Resolution

Management agreed to adjust the income and expenditure for 2021/22 by £20.1 million to exclude these grants from the reported results.

This was due to an administrative error and appropriate adjustments have been made to ensure that the income and expenditure are not materially misstated.

Source: Audit Scotland

We have obtained audit assurances over the identified significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements. Exhibit 3 sets out the significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements we identified in our 2021/22 Annual Audit Plan. It summarises the further audit procedures we performed during the year to obtain assurances over these risks and the conclusions from the work completed.

#### Exhibit 3

#### Significant risks of material misstatement in the financial statements

#### Audit risk

#### 1. Risk of material misstatement due to fraud caused by management override of controls

As stated in International Standard on Auditing 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of management's ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise are operating effectively.

#### Assurance procedure

Assessed the design and implementation of controls over journal entry processing.

Made inquiries of individuals involved in the financial reporting process about inappropriate or unusual activity relating to the processing of journal entries and other adjustments.

Reviewed the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments recorded in the general ledger and financial statements.

Evaluated significant transactions that are outside the normal course of business.

Assessed the adequacy of controls in place for identifying and disclosing related party relationships and transactions in the financial statements.

Assessed any changes to the methods and underlying assumptions used to prepare accounting estimates compared to the prior year.

Substantively tested income and expenditure transactions around the year-end to confirm they were accounted for in the correct financial year.

Focussed testing of accounting accruals and prepayments.

#### **Results and conclusions**

**Results:** We found no instances of material misstatement due to fraud caused by management override of controls.

#### Audit risk

## 2. Estimation in the valuation of land & buildings

Scottish Borders Council held land and buildings with a net book value (NBV) of £397 million as at 31 March 2021. Land and building property categories are revalued on a five-year rolling basis on 1 April by an internal valuer.

There can be a significant degree of subjectivity in the valuation of land and buildings. Valuations are based on specialist knowledge and management assumptions which can change, and result in material changes to valuations.

#### Assurance procedure

Reviewed the information provided to the valuer to assess for completeness.

Evaluated the competence, capabilities, and objectivity of the professional valuer.

Obtained an understanding of management's involvement in the valuation process to assess if appropriate oversight has occurred.

Critically assessed the approach the council has adopted to ensure that assets not subject to valuation are not materially misstated and consider the robustness of that approach.

Tested the reconciliation between the financial ledger and the property asset register.

Critically assessed the adequacy of the council's disclosures regarding the assumptions in relation to the valuation of land and buildings.

#### **Results and conclusions**

**Results:** Our findings in respect of the audit work we carried out are detailed in Exhibit 2.

Adjustments have been made to the financial statements to ensure that the carrying value of land & buildings represent fair value at 31 March 2022.

Assurance has been gained that there are no material misstatements in the carrying value of land & buildings.

#### Other areas of audit focus

**35.** We identified in our 2021/22 Annual Audit Plan areas where we considered there to be other risks of material misstatement to the financial statements. Based on our assessment of the likelihood and magnitude of the risk, we did not consider these to represent significant risks. The areas of specific audit focus were:

- The review of Common Good assets to identify those assets held by the council but which are properly owned by the Common Good Funds.
- The pension liability valuation due to the material value and significant assumptions used in the calculation of the liability.
- The ongoing impact of Covid-19 and how related expenditure and additional funding is being accounted for in the annual accounts.

• The accounting for and disclosure of any provisions or contingencies relating to litigation and claims resulting from historic cases.

**36.** We kept these areas under review throughout our audit. Based on the findings of our audit procedures, we have the following matters to report.

**37.** Our findings in respect of Common Good Funds assets and accounting for Covid-19 funding are detailed in <u>Exhibit 2.</u>

**38. Provisions & contingencies:** Following discussion with Scottish Borders Council's legal team it was identified that the council had admitted liability in a recent case. To date no claims have been brought against the council. The financial statements have been updated to include a contingent liability disclosure.

#### Identified gross misstatements of £85.3 million were adjusted in the group annual accounts. We did not need to revise our audit approach as a result of these misstatements

**39.** Total misstatements identified within the group annual accounts were  $\pounds$ 85.3 million (including £55.7 million in respect of asset revaluations). Details of these adjustments are included within our findings highlighted in Exhibit 2.

**40.** We have reviewed the nature and causes of these misstatements and have concluded that they arose from issues that have been isolated and identified in their entirety and do not indicate further systemic error. We did not need to review our audit approach as a result of these misstatements.

**41.** Adjustments made in the group annual accounts increased the overall net surplus in the Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement by £55.3 million and increased net assets in the Group Statement of Financial Position by £55.3 million.

**42.** Adjustments made in the council's annual accounts increased the overall net surplus in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement by  $\pounds 63.0$  million (which included the prior year restatement of assets of  $\pounds 0.5$  million) and increased net assets in the Statement of Financial Position by  $\pounds 62.5$  million.

**43.** There were no unadjusted misstatements that exceeded our reporting threshold.

#### **Progress was made on prior year recommendations**

**44.** The council has made progress in implementing our prior year audit recommendations. For actions not yet implemented, revised responses and timescales have been agreed with management, and are set out in <u>Appendix 1</u>.

## 2. Financial management

Financial management is about financial capacity, sound budgetary processes and whether the control environment and internal controls are operating effectively.

#### Main judgements

The council operated within budget in 2021/22.

The council continues to balance its budget each year and maintains a healthy level of reserves.

There are appropriate and effective budget setting, financial management and monitoring arrangements in place.

#### The council operated within budget in 2021/22

**45.** The council approved its 2021/22 budget on 19 March 2021. The budget was set at £314.7 million which included planned savings of £5.1 million and planned use of £1.5 million of earmarked reserves.

**46.** The council has a good track record of delivering services within budget over several years. The actual outturn for the year was expenditure of £289.6 million, which was an underspend of £5.1 million against the revised budget of £294.7 million for the year. £3.7 million was transferred to reserves at the year end, for use on a number of initiatives across the council, leaving a net underspend of £1.4 million against the revised budget.

**47.** The more significant under and overspends are summarised in Exhibit 4.

# Area£mReason for varianceUnderspendsCorporate0.7Corporate0.7Corporate underspend<br/>achieved following Scottish<br/>Joint Council and Chief<br/>Officer 2021/22 pay award<br/>being less than anticipated

#### Exhibit 4 Summary of the more significant under/overspends against revised budget

Area	£m	Reason for variance
Social Work & Practice	1.1	Higher client income and lower client care costs than forecast
Education & Lifelong Learning	0.4	Lower than forecast spending in respect of Covid-19
Overspends		
Infrastructure & Environment	0.5	Costs incurred in response to emergency flooding and storm events
Strategic Commissioning & Partnerships	0.6	Information technology costs due to revised impacts from digital transformation programme

Source: Scottish Borders Council 2021-22 Revenue Outturn

## The council has appropriate and effective budget setting and monitoring arrangement in place

**48.** The Council continues to balance its budget each year and maintains a healthy level of reserves.

**49.** The Executive Committee receive regular revenue and capital monitoring reports and, from a governance perspective, conducts detailed scrutiny of financial performance. From our review of these reports we concluded that these provide an overall picture of the budget position at service level and good explanations for significant variances against budget. These allow both members and officers to carry out scrutiny of the council's finances.

**50.** The council has appropriate and effective budget setting and monitoring arrangements in place.

## The Covid-19 pandemic had a significant impact on the 2021/22 budget

**51.** The impact on public finances of the Covid-19 pandemic has been unprecedented, which has necessitated both the Scottish and UK governments providing substantial additional funding for public services as well as support for individuals, businesses, and the economy. It is likely that further financial measures will be needed and that the effects will be felt well into the future.

**52.** Covid-19 costs were £22.2 million with most of these (£20.5 million) being met by additional resources provided by Scottish Government during 2021/22. This included £4.6 million for Integration Joint Board (IJB) funding provided through Local Mobilisation Plans. The remainder (£1.7 million) were funded by the council.

**53.** The council's Covid-19 reserve was established during 2020/21 to address the ongoing impact of Covid-19. During 2021/22, the Covid-19 reserve decreased by £6.2 million and was used to offset costs incurred in-year. The balance of the fund at 31 March 2022 was £9.5 million. Elements of the carry forward funding have already been committed in 2022/23 with the remainder available to help the council address the ongoing impact of Covid-19.

## There has been a significant increase in the level of General Fund reserves

**54.** One of the key measures of the financial health of a body is the level of reserves held. The level of usable reserves increased from £48.3 million in 2020/21 to £64.5 million in 2021/22. The General Fund surplus represents £15.5 million of the increase, the Capital Fund has increased by £0.9 million, the Property Maintenance Fund has decreased by £0.3 million, and the Insurance Fund has increased by £0.1 million.

**55.** The General Fund is the largest usable reserve and is used to fund the delivery of services. It provides a contingency fund to meet unexpected expenditure and a working balance to help cushion the impact of such expenditure.

**56.** The council reviews the level of its uncommitted reserves when setting the budget each year. The review is based on an assessment of corporate risks, with each risk being assigned a likely financial amount as well as a likelihood of the risk occurring. As part of the budget setting process for 2022/23, the Corporate Financial Risk Register was considered by the Council in February 2022. At this time the financial risk was assessed as being £13.8 million with the projected unallocated general fund balance of £8.4 million sufficient to cover 61% of the risks at that time. This is an increase on the prior year position which covered 49% of the assessed risks at that time.

**57.** We consider the council's approach to reserves to be good practice and are satisfied that reserves are being regularly reviewed to confirm that they remain at an appropriate level.

#### Planned efficiency savings were achieved

**58.** The 2021/22 budget included planned savings of £5.1 million and the planned use of £1.6 million of earmarked reserves to address the funding gap.

**59.** Financial plan savings of £9.3 million were reported in 2021/22. The total savings are made up of £5.1 million included within the 2021/22 financial plan plus £4.2 million of savings brought forward from previous years. Of these savings £3.5 million (38%) were reported as delivered permanently.

60. Exhibit 5 below highlights the level of savings being reported within the council on an ongoing basis. The savings are categorised into those established as part of the Financial Plan in each year and those temporary savings brought forward from previous years for permanent delivery.

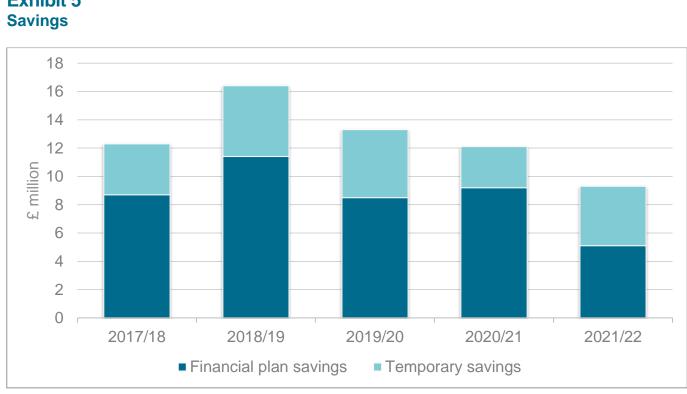


Exhibit 5

Source: Scottish Borders Council annual accounts 2021/22

#### Capital expenditure was less than originally budgeted in 2021/22

61. The council agrees a ten-year capital plan each year as part of its budget process. Total capital expenditure in 2021/22 was £59.6 million. The total capital spend was £7.1 million below the revised capital budget of £66.7 million.

#### Borrowing levels have decreased in 2021/22

62. At 31 March 2022, long term borrowing stood at £210.5 million, an increase of £18.2 million on the 2021 level of £192.3 million. During the same period, short term borrowing decreased from £28.5 million to £4.8 million.

63. The council continues to maintain an under-borrowed position. Capital financing need was not fully funded by external loan debt and instead by internal cash. This strategy has been applied on the basis that this is prudent and cost effective in an environment where investment returns are low and counterparty risk is high.

**64.** Total external debt, which includes the council's long-term liabilities, was within the authorised limit and operational boundary set in the Treasury Management Strategy. The current borrowing position complies with the Prudential Code, and the council will continue to consider the affordability of future borrowing.

## Overall we concluded that the council has satisfactory systems of internal control in place

**65.** Our responsibilities under the Code of Audit Practice requires us to assess the system of internal control put in place by management. We seek to gain assurance that the Council:

- has systems of recording and processing transactions which provide a sound basis for the preparation of the financial statements
- has systems of internal control which provide an adequate means of preventing and detecting error, fraud, or corruption
- complies with established policies, procedures, laws, and regulations.

**66.** We carried out a review of the key controls within the financial systems used by Scottish Borders Council during our interim audit. Whilst overall we concluded that the council has satisfactory systems of internal control in place, there are a number of areas where the application of internal controls can be improved.

**67.** The findings from our interim work are summarised below:

- **Debtors:** A recommendation was made during the 2020/21 audit that a formal process be implemented for the regular review of aged debtor balances by senior staff. This would ensure that any issues can be identified at an early stage to improve the likelihood that debts can be recovered. This recommendation was not implemented within 2021/22 due to changes in senior staffing and resource pressures within the department.
- Verification of Supplier Bank Details: A recommendation was made during the 2020/21 that a standard process for the verification of supplier bank details be implemented. A new system for supplier data management was introduced in January 2022 and the implementation of this for new and existing suppliers was in progress. In respect of payments to individuals it was identified that reliance was still being placed on bank details provided by other teams with no formal requirement to verify the information provided. The accounts payable team is liaising with each department to determine the appropriate process to be implemented with regards to the verification of bank details for individuals.

- Non-Domestic Rates (NDR) & Council Tax: Recommendations were made during the 2020/21 audit to ensure appropriate reviews of reliefs granted were being completed and regular reconciliations of property assessor reports and reviews of user access to systems were being undertaken. Significant progress has been made in respect of reviews of reliefs with this being made a priority during 2021/22. User access reviews were completed, and assurance was gained that appropriate individuals had access to the NDR and Council Tax systems. Limited progress has been made with regards to reconciliations of property assessor reports due to resourcing pressures. Our testing confirmed that the appropriate reconciliations had been completed at the year end.
- Journals: Assurance was gained that the workflow controls operating within Business World systems were operating as expected to ensure that journals were being appropriately approved. Journals with > 500 lines are unable to be processed through the established Business World workflows and therefore there is a manual approval process for these journals. We identified that there were journals where this process was not being followed and there was inadequate evidence for the approval of these journals. Our recommendation is that this process and the related controls are reviewed and that the agreed process is communicated to all journal processors.

**68.** The above issues have been discussed with the relevant teams and management have agreed that our recommendations will be actioned during 2022/23.

## Standards of conduct and arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud and error were appropriate

**69.** Scottish Borders Council is responsible for establishing arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and irregularities, bribery, and corruption. Furthermore, it is responsible for ensuring that its affairs are managed in accordance with proper standards of conduct by putting effective arrangements in place.

**70.** The risk profile of public bodies during 2021/22 has been significantly affected by the Covid19 pandemic. This is likely to have increased the risk of fraud and error as control environments and internal controls have had to change to allow for services to operate effectively and respond to issues in a timely manner.

**71.** The council has a range of established procedures for preventing and detecting fraud and irregularity including a whistleblowing policy, counter fraud strategy and codes of conduct for members and officers. We assessed these to ensure that they were appropriate, readily available to staff and are regularly reviewed to ensure they remain relevant and current.

**72.** The Integrity Group, which supports management in their primary responsibility for the prevention, detection, and investigation of fraud, met regularly during the year.

**73.** The Integrity Group carried out a Counter Fraud Controls Assessment for 2021/22 which was presented to the Audit and Scrutiny Committee on 14 February 2022 and provided assurances about the effectiveness of the council's existing systems and arrangements for the prevention, detection, and investigation of fraud. An action plan of recommendations to enhance the council's resilience to fraud was approved at the meeting.

**74.** We have reviewed the arrangements put in place by Scottish Borders Council to address any heightened risks and concluded that there are appropriate arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud, error, and irregularities.

#### **National Fraud Initiative**

**75.** The National Fraud Initiative (NFI) is a counter-fraud exercise across the UK public sector which aims to prevent and detect fraud.

**76.** We reported in our 2020/21 Annual Audit Report that Scottish Borders Council had not investigated any NFI matches due to ongoing capacity issues in the relevant service areas.

**77.** This issue was highlighted by the Chief Officer for Audit & Risk at the Integrity Group and SBC Response & Recovery Group meetings. However, full participation in the 2020/21 NFI exercise was not achieved due to continued resourcing pressures. Only minimal progress has been made in respect of the review of matches identified.

**78.** Management advised that planning for, and participation in the 2022/23 NFI exercise has commenced, and the NFI Self-Appraisal Checklist 2022/23 has been completed and presented to the Integrity Group.

**79.** Management should continue to monitor the delivery of their planned actions to ensure improved participation in this initiative.

#### Refer to Appendix 1, recommendation B/fwd 6

## 3. Financial sustainability

Financial sustainability looks forward to the medium and long term to consider whether the council is planning effectively to continue to deliver its services or the way in which they should be delivered

#### Main judgements

The council faces significant uncertainty for 2022/23 and beyond in line with every other Local Authority in Scotland.

Medium and longer-term financial plans are in place and have been updated to reflect the impact of the pandemic. This should help the council manage its future transformation planning.

#### We have obtained audit assurances over the wider audit dimension risks relating to Financial Sustainability identified in our 2021/22 Annual Audit Plan

**80.** <u>Exhibit 6</u> sets out the significant risks of material misstatement we identified in our 2021/22 audit plan, our assurance procedures and the results and conclusions from our work. These risks influenced our overall audit strategy, the allocation of staff resources to the audit and informed where the efforts of the team were directed.

#### Exhibit 6 Risks identified from the auditor's wider responsibility under the Code of Audit Practice

Audit risk	Assurance procedure	Results and conclusions
<b>Financial sustainability</b> The council continues to operate in an increasingly complex and challenging environment, where core national funding is reducing relative to rising demands for services and cost pressures.	Reviewed the council's annual budget setting arrangements. Reviewed and assessed the budget monitoring arrangements. Reviewed the council's medium to longer-term financial planning.	<b>Results and conclusion:</b> We reviewed the body's medium to longer-term financial planning and concluded that the processes in place are good. (See <u>paragraphs 81 – 87</u> )

Aud	it ri	sk
		<u> </u>

#### Assurance procedure

**Results and conclusions** 

A wide range of financial uncertainties has been further complicated due to the Covid-19 pandemic, the war in Ukraine and overall rising costs of living.

Review of the council's financial position and delivery of planned savings.

The council faces significant challenges to remain financially resilient and deliver services sustainably.

There remains a risk to financial sustainability and the sustainability and quality of services in the future.

## The council faces significant uncertainty for 2022/23 and beyond

**81.** The financial impact of the pandemic on Scottish Borders Council is likely to extend across several years. The council faces significant uncertainty for 2022/23 and beyond in terms of financial settlement, recovery from Covid-19, inflation and rising living costs.

**82.** The council approved its 2022/23 budget in February 2022. The budget was set at  $\pounds$ 324.9 million, including the use of  $\pounds$ 2.4 million of earmarked reserves carried forward from 2021/22 and  $\pounds$ 8.1 million of savings. The budget has been prepared against the significant financial uncertainty caused by the Covid-19 pandemic.

**83.** The approved budget covers a five-year forecast covering the period 2022/23 to 2026/27. The budget has been developed to ensure the financial plans of the council are aligned with its business and people planning objectives and the level of resources available. The principal pressures identified are due to anticipated continued restraints on external revenue and capital funding from central government, the uncertainty around national pay negotiations and increasing pressures from the demographics within the region.

**84.** Budget monitoring is reported to the Executive Committee on a quarterly basis. The monitoring report was presented to the Executive Committee in August 2022 and was based on the first quarter of 2022/23. This report indicated additional forecast annual expenditure and impacts on income associated with Covid-19, inflation, and service pressures of £4.2 million. The decision was made to redirect the current Covid-19 reserve to a "Recovery Fund" and to utilise this fund to balance the 2022/23 budget. The remaining balance of £5.8 million within the Recovery Fund will be drawn down as required to meet identified financial pressures.

**85.** The council has appropriate budget setting and monitoring arrangements in place to ensure that the budget is reviewed on a regular basis to consider the impact of ongoing uncertainties.

#### Medium and longer-term financial plans are in place and have been updated to reflect the impact of the pandemic

**86.** The council has continued to adopt a five-year approach to medium term revenue planning and a ten-year timeframe for the capital plan. The long-term financial strategy, published for the first time as part of the 2022/23 financial planning process, has been extended to include revenue for a ten-year period to allow the council to plan more effectively over a longer period. For the longer-term financial plan 2022/23 represents the year 1 base year. The council's medium-term budget covers the period to 2026/27 with the longer-term financial plan projecting forward to 2031/32. This plan was approved by council in February 2022.

**87.** The council should continue to monitor, review and reforecast its plans as appropriate, to take into account ongoing uncertainties.

## 4. Governance and

## transparency

The effectiveness of scrutiny and oversight and transparent reporting of information

#### **Main Judgements**

Governance arrangements operating throughout the Covid-19 pandemic have been appropriate and operated effectively.

There is effective scrutiny, challenge and informed decision making.

## Governance arrangements operating throughout the Covid-19 pandemic have been appropriate and operated effectively

**88.** Scottish Borders Council has appropriate governance arrangement in place which support effective scrutiny, challenge and decision making. This is informed by our regular attendance at the Audit Committee and review of council and other committee papers as appropriate. The council decided in August 2022 to separate the Audit Committee from the Scrutiny & Petitions Committee which has been the practice since September 2022.

**89.** The council made significant changes to its governance arrangements in response to the pandemic in 2020/21 which included changes to when and where services were provided, changes to standing orders, systems remote access, virtual meetings, and redeployment of staff to alternative duties. These changes continued to operate during 2021/22.

**90.** A new chief executive was appointed at the end of March 2021. However they resigned their position in June 2022 to take up another post. An acting chief executive has been appointed to ensure business continuity, while the permanent recruitment process takes place.

**91.** During 2021/22, the council carried out a review of its Corporate Management Team and made changes to the management reporting structure. This resulted in changes to the scheme of delegation to reflect new job titles and changes to line management. The reported income and expenditure in respect of services in the prior year within the Comprehensive Statement of Income & Expenditure has been restated to reflect this new management reporting structure. There was no overall impact on the reported net cost of services for 2020/21 as a result of this restatement.

**92.** We have concluded that overall, Scottish Borders Council has appropriate governance arrangements in place which support effective scrutiny, challenge and decision making.

#### We have obtained audit assurances over the wider audit dimension risks relating to Governance and transparency identified in our 2021/22 Annual Audit Plan

**93.** <u>Exhibit 7</u> sets out the significant risks of material misstatement we identified in our 2021/22 audit plan, our assurance procedures and the results and conclusions from our work. These risks influenced our overall audit strategy, the allocation of staff resources to the audit and informed where the efforts of the team were directed.

#### Exhibit 7

#### Risks identified from the auditor's wider responsibility under the Code of Audit Practice

Audit risk	Assurance procedure	Results and conclusions
Governance and transparency In February 2022, the Council received a critical report on its handling of school assault allegations. It will be important to demonstrate appropriate governance and transparency in responding to the report.	Reviewed the reporting arrangements. Reviewed the progress in the implementation of recommendations.	<b>Results:</b> Following the council meeting in February 2022, an action plan implementing the recommendations highlighted in the inquiry report was presented and approved by council at their meeting on 10 March 2022 along with the establishment of a Review Group to steer the progress of the work required.
		Progress updates were provided to the council at their meetings in June, August, and October 2022 with 26 of the 52 actions points completed to date.
		<b>Conclusion:</b> Scottish Borders Council needs to continue to monitor progress with regards to outstanding actions to ensure that all recommendations from the report are fully implemented.
		<b>Recommendation 1</b>
		(Refer <u>Appendix 1</u> , action plan)

#### **Reporting of financial performance**

**94.** Management Commentaries included in the annual accounts should provide information on a body, its main objectives and the principal risks faced. It should provide a fair, balanced, and understandable analysis of a body's performance as well as helping stakeholders understand the financial statements.

**95.** The Management Commentary describes the council's highlights of 2021/22 as well as setting out the council's financial strategy, key risks, financial plans, and financial performance. We comment more on performance reporting in <u>Part 5</u> of the report.

**96.** Overall we concluded that the council's management commentary was consistent with the financial statements.

#### **ICT Governance**

**97.** CGI supported the council with their switch to home working during the pandemic. An extension of the council's strategic partnership with CGI has been negotiated which extended their contract for fully managed ICT services by 10 years, until 2040. It was reported that this will provide an £11 million reduction in service costs. In return the council has committed to spending £34 million over the next three years on IT transformation with CGI.

**98.** We reported in our 2020/21 Annual Audit Report that the council was continuing to work to achieve Cyber Essentials + reaccreditation. The council's application for reaccreditation was submitted on 30 September 2022 and is currently being reviewed.

**99.** The council's Public Service Network (PSN) accreditation expired in September 2021 and reaccreditation was achieved in May 2022.

**100.** On disaster recovery arrangements, work to migrate application services from Scottish Borders Council headquarters to the CGI hosting facilities in DataVita and Waterton data back-up facility in Wales was completed in 2021/22. CGI have not yet undertaken a full disaster recover test due to factors including available resources and agreement of a convenient time within the business for services to be taken offline. The IT team have, however, been able to successfully complete several disaster recovery tests in specific areas in response to service incidents.

# **5. Best Value**

Using resources effectively and continually improving services.

#### Main judgements

The council is making good progress in securing Best Value

We have evaluated the council's arrangements for performance reporting and concluded that the council has made the necessary arrangements for collecting, recording, and publishing the statutory performance information.

#### The council is making good progress in securing Best Value

**101.** Best value is assessed over the audit appointment, as part of the annual audit work. In addition, a Best Value Assurance Report (BVAR) for each council has been considered by the Accounts Commission at least once in this period. The BVAR report for the council was published in October 2019 and found that the council had made steady progress since the previous Best Value report.

**102.** There were seven recommendations included within the BVAR. Scottish Borders Council prepared a detailed action plan in response to these recommendations which included 40 actions spread across the seven recommendations.

**103.** The most recent update on the progress relating to the Best Value action plan was presented to the Audit and Scrutiny Committee in February 2022. Within this report 20 action points are reported as being fully complete with the remaining 20 action points highlighted at various stages of completion. Some elements of the plan were noted as having been superseded due to changed ways of working resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic.

**104.** Officers at the council continue to monitor progress in respect of the action plan have advised that to date 37 of the 40 action points are now marked as fully complete with 3 action points remaining outstanding.

**105.** The outstanding actions that are still being progressed are:

- Ensure each department has a 5-year people plan which aligns with the corporate plan and Fit for 2024 principles (80% complete).
- Develop a members' section of SBLearn where specific materials linked to Councillor responsibilities could be housed (50% complete).
- Survey with the members to identify skills gaps (25% complete).

**106.** The progress made in respect of the action plan has not been reported to the Audit Committee since February 2022.

**107.** Overall the council has made good progress against the recommendations in the BVAR and resulting action plan but reporting to the Audit Committee could be improved.

**108.** The SPI directive requires the council to publish audit assessments of its performance against its Best Value duty, and how it responded to these assessments. Although the council has published the most recent BVAR from 2019 on its website, action plans and updates on progress relating to actions are not published within the performance section of the council's website.

**109.** We recommend that Scottish Borders Council continues to monitor the progress with regards BVAR recommendations and updates their website to include further information in respect of the response to recommendation made within the BVAR.

**110.** The Controller of Audit will consider the results of this follow up work, and report to the Accounts Commission on the extent of improvements made.

#### Refer to Appendix 1, B/fwd recommendation 7

#### Significant trading operation

**111.** Scottish Borders Council has one significant trading operation (STO), SBc Contracts, which provides a range of activities including revenue and capital works for council services and external contracts for other local authorities, the Scottish Government, and the private sector.

**112.** Under the Local Government in Scotland Act (2003) the trading accounts of significant trading operations have a prescribed objective to break even over a rolling three-year period.

**113.** SBc Contracts reported an operating surplus of £0.4 million in 2021/22. However, following technical accounting adjustments for IAS 19 Employee Benefits (including pensions), the final position was a deficit for 2021/22 of £0.3 million for external works and a three-year cumulative deficit of £0.2 million. The adjustments for IAS 19 are made to comply with accounting standards. The pension adjustment values all future pension liabilities for employees at the balance sheet date as if these pension payments were to be made now. This does not reflect the projected pattern of when pensions will be paid. As a trading organisation, the STO results require to be reported included this adjustment.

**114.** As Scottish Borders Council has failed to meet a prescribed objective in respect of its significant trading operation, this has been reported in our Independent Auditor's Report as a matter reported by exception. Further details are included at <u>paragraph 20</u>.

**115.** We recommend that a review is carried out of SBc Contracts to examine the cost effectiveness of the service provided to ensure that it continues to represent best value for the council.

#### Refer to Appendix 1, recommendation 2

# Performance management arrangements provide a sound base for improvement

**116.** We reviewed the performance information submitted to the Executive Committee on a quarterly basis to assess whether performance measures are aligned to the council's key priorities and outcomes. The Council's Corporate Plan for 2018-2023 had four categories: Our services for you; Independent, achieving people; Thriving economy with opportunities for everyone; and Empowered vibrant communities. Performance reports provided during the year were based around these themes.

**117.** The council approved a revised Council Plan for 2022/23 in February 2022 and the Performance Management Framework was updated in June 2022 to reflect the six new themes from that plan: Clean, green future; Fulfilling our potential; Strong inclusive economy, transport, and infrastructure; Empowered, vibrant communities; Good health and wellbeing; and Working together improving lives.

**118.** The Performance Management Framework provides a sound base for improvement, with performance information closely linked to the objectives in the Plan.

# The requirements of the Statutory Performance Information (SPIs) Direction are being met

**119.** The Accounts Commission has a statutory responsibility to define the performance information that councils must publish. In turn, councils have their own responsibility, under their Best Value duty, to report performance to the public. The commission does not prescribe how councils should report this information but expects them to provide the public with fair, balanced, and engaging performance information.

**120.** The Accounts Commission issued a revised 2018 Statutory Performance Information Direction in December 2018 which requires a council to report:

• its performance in improving local public services provided by the council (on its own and with its partners and communities), and progress against agreed desired outcomes

• its own assessment and independent audit assessments of how it is performing against its duty of Best Value, and how it plans to improve these assessments and how it (with its partners where appropriate) has engaged with and responded to its diverse communities.

**121. Quarterly performance indicators**: The council has established a suite of set of key performance indicators to help monitor progress against the outcomes detailed in the Corporate Plan and Community Plan. These indicators are updated quarterly and reported through the Executive Committee. The performance information is grouped under the council's four themes. The reports are readily accessible on the council's website and show actual performance against target performance, performance trend (whether improving or deteriorating), a brief commentary on performance, and comparison with other councils' performance.

**122. Annual reporting of performance information**: The council reports on a series of annual performance measures in its Annual Performance Report; the report for 2021/22 was considered at the June 2022 meeting of the Executive Committee.

**123. Reporting framework:** The council has prepared an updated Performance Management Framework which was approved in June 2022, along with a Council Plan for 2022/23 which replaced the previous Corporate Plan. The Performance Management Framework sets out how the council will measure and report information each year.

**124. Verification of performance information:** The council's Internal Audit team carry out a review of key performance indicators submitted by the council each year to the Improvement Service as part of the Local Government Benchmarking Framework (LGBF). The report for 2021/22 information concluded that substantial assurance could be provided over the performance information but did identify improvements for processes for validating Cultural & Leisure information.

**125.** We have evaluated the council's arrangements for fulfilling the above requirements and concluded that the council has made the necessary arrangements for collecting, recording, and publishing the statutory performance information.

#### National performance audit reports

**126.** Audit Scotland carries out a national performance audit programme on behalf of the Accounts Commission and the Auditor General for Scotland. During 2021/22, Audit Scotland published a number of reports which may be of interest to the body. These are outlined in <u>Appendix 2</u>.

**127.** The Council has good arrangements in place for considering and reviewing national reports issued during the year, with the reports being considered by the Audit and Scrutiny Committee (separate Audit Committee since September 2022) on a regular basis.

# Appendix 1. Action plan 2021/22

#### 2021/22 recommendations

meetings in June, August, and October 2022 with 26 of

improvement actions are not

the 52 actions points completed to date. Risk – the required

being addressed

lssue/risk	Recommendation	Agreed management action/timing
<ul> <li>1. Inquiry Action Plan</li> <li>An action plan implementing the recommendations highlighted in the inquiry report into the council's handling of school assaults accusations was approved by council at their meeting on 10 March 2022 along with the establishment of a Review Group to steer the progress of the work required.</li> <li>Progress updates were provided to council at their</li> </ul>	Scottish Borders Council needs to continue to monitor progress with regards to outstanding actions to ensure that all recommendations from the report are fully implemented. Exhibit 7	Agreed – the action plan will continue to be progressed during 2022/23. <b>Responsible officer</b> Acting Chief Executive Director of Education and Lifelong Learning <b>Agreed date</b> 31 March 2023

#### Issue/risk

### 2. Significant trading operation

Scottish Borders Council's significant trading operation, SBc Contracts, reported a deficit in trading relating to external services for the three-years ended 31 March 2022.

Therefore, the council failed to meet a prescribed financial objective, and this was reported in our Independent Auditor's Report as a matter reported by exception.

Risk – that the council's significant trading operation activities do not represent best value for the council.

#### Recommendation

Scottish Borders Council should carry out a review of SBc Contracts to examine the cost effectiveness of the service provided to ensure that it continues to represent best value for the council.

Paragraph 111

# Agreed management action/timing

Agreed - there has already been work carried out as part of a wider appraisal that looks to improve depot based services that includes SBc Contracts. As part of this work we will undertake some initial analysis of financial trading data to identify key areas for improvement or focus. In addition, work is underway to introduce improved IT software to support the service and to better record and track income and expenditure. This is seen as a pivotal and necessary step to enable a more rigorous review to be undertaken to examine cost effectiveness and best value of SBc

Contracts, this is expected to be delivered within 12-15 month timeframe.

#### **Responsible officer**

Director Infrastructure & Environment

Acting Chief Financial Officer

#### Agreed date

Initial financial analysis by 31 March 2023

#### Follow-up of prior year recommendations

#### Issue/risk

#### Recommendation

#### 1. Asset valuations

The Balance Sheet includes property, plant and equipment with a total value of £607 million. The council has a five-year rolling valuation programme as detailed in Note 12 of the accounts. In line with the Council's asset policy, assets were revalued at 1 April 2020. Given 2020/21 has been an exceptional year with the Covid-19 pandemic which affected how the council operated, we needed further evidence for the asset values at 31 March 2021. The valuer's certificate also included material uncertainty which was inconsistent with the latest guidance from RICS.

Risk – that a value at 1 April is not representative of fair value as at 31 March the following year, as required by the Code. The council should: review their accounting policy and consider valuing assets at 31 March, rather than at1 April; and consider valuing 20% of each asset category annually rather than each asset category every five years which can lead to large swings in asset values

# Agreed management action/timing

#### In progress

The rolling programme of asset valuations has been amended to be completed at 31 March instead of 1 April starting with Education and Lifelong Learning properties at 31 March 2023.

A formal review of assets not valued to be carried out at 31 March by the internal valuer to provide management with the evidence to determine if there is a risk of material misstatement in the carrying value of assets.

#### **Responsible officer**

Director, Infrastructure and Environment

#### **Revised date**

#### Issue/risk

#### 2. Assets on Common Good Land

A judicial review concluded that all council assets built on Common Good land cannot be considered as owned separately from the land they stand on and are therefore Common Good assets. Scottish Borders Council has a number of operational assets which stand on Common Good land.

The full list of affected assets is still to be determined. The council is in the process of reviewing the legal and accounting implications of the judicial ruling and expects to conclude the process in time for the preparation of the 2021/22 accounts.

Risk –the Common Good Funds omit assets which rightly belong to them.

#### Recommendation

The council should conclude the process of reviewing the legal and accounting implications of the judicial ruling by March 2022 and make any accounting adjustments in the 2021/22 annual accounts of the council and Common Good Funds.

# Agreed management action/timing

#### In Progress

A review of the arrangements / agreements in place between the Common Good Funds for the use of their assets to be completed and appropriate adjustments included within the financial statements of the council and Common Good Funds where required.

**Responsible officer** 

твс

**Revised date** 

	Appendix 1. Action plan 2021/22   3		
lssue/risk	Recommendation	Agreed management action/timing	
3. Internal recharges	The council should revisit the rationale and calculations to confirm the basis for recharges remains relevant and accurate so that the amount that has been capitalised is defensible.	In Progress	
Through our testing of new assets we learned that they included some internal recharges to capital expenditure, for work such as architect fees and road overlays. However, the evidence to support the amounts recharged was not clear or comprehensive. Risk –items are being incorrectly capitalised and revenue expenditure is understated.		We reviewed the supporting evidence for internal charges to capital. While it was noted that the supporting reporting had improved, there was inconsistency in the supporting evidence available for internal charges and reports provided did not always reconcile with the charges capitalised into asse values.	
		Further work is required to establish a standard process and controls in respect of internal charges made to capital assets.	
		Responsible officer	
		Financial services manager	
		Revised date	
		31 March 2023	
4. Scottish Water balance	The council should liaise with Scottish Water on this historic balance and determine whether it can be removed from the council's ledger.	Complete	
The council collects water/sewage rates on behalf of Scottish Water as an agency arrangement as part		Appropriate adjustments have been processed in 2021/22 and the amounts owed to Scottish Water have	

of Council Tax collection. In the accounts, Note 30 Creditors includes a £1.0 million debtor balance relating to Scottish Water for water/sewage amounts written off as part of council tax write offs. The write offs are mostly historic from 2014/15 onwards.

Risk –this understates Creditors unnecessarily and remains an unresolved balance that sits in the ledger.

been reconciled at 31 March 2022

lssue/risk	Recommendation	Agreed management action/timing
<b>5. Non-Domestic Rates</b> Our testing found that the calculation of the NDR debtor is not consistent with the Code. Specifically, the balance in Note 30 Other Receivables, relating to NDR includes taxpayers' debt rather than what the council	with the Code	In Progress Scottish Borders Council made adjustments within the 2021/22 financial statements to ensure that the carrying value of NDR balances due to the Scottish Government is in line with the Code.
is due to receive from or pay to the Scottish Government.		Work remains in progress to ensure that disclosures within
Risk –the council's reporting to the Scottish Government on Non-Domestic Rates is		the financial statements are fully compliant with the requirements of the Code.

inconsistent with the Code.

#### **Responsible officer**

Financial Services Manager

**Revised date** 

#### Issue/risk

#### 6. NFI match investigation

As at September 2021, the council had not investigated any NFI matches due to ongoing capacity issues in the relevant service areas. NFI includes data matching on business support grants where weaknesses in controls were identified by internal audit.

Risk –there are fraud and errors undetected without investigating the data matches

#### Recommendation

The council should investigate a sample of recommended and further matches to be assured that they are not indicative of fraud or error

# Agreed management action/timing

#### **In Progress**

Full participation in the 2020/21 NFI exercise was not achieved due to continued resourcing pressures and only minimal progress was made in respect of the review of matches identified.

Planning for and participation in the 2022/23 NFI exercise has commenced. NFI Self-Appraisal Checklist 2022/23 has been completed and presented to the Integrity Group. Management has identified persons within the relevant services for data submissions in November and December 2022 and investigation of data matches from January 2023 to improve participation in the NFI.

#### **Responsible officer**

Chief Officer Audit & Risk Revised date

itevised date

Issue/risk	Recommendation	Agreed management action/timing
7. Best Value Action Plan	The council should ensure	In Progress
The council agreed an action plan in December 2019 in response to the Best Value Assurance Report (BVAR) published in October 2019. Updates on progress with the action plan were delayed due to the council's response to	that Best Value improvement recommendations continue to be actioned and progress reported to committees	The council has made good progress against the recommendations in the BVAR and resulting action plan with 37 out of the 40 action points completed.

the Covid-19 pandemic.

improvement actions are not

**Risk** -that required

being addressed.

During our review we noted that the council had not fully complied with the SPI directive which requires councils to publish audit assessments of its performance against its Best Value duty, and how it responded to these assessments.

Although the council has published the most recent BVAR from 2019 on its website, action plans and updates on progress relating to actions are not published within the performance section of the council's website

We recommend that Scottish Borders Council continues to monitor the progress with regards BVAR recommendations and updates their website to include further information in respect of the response to recommendation made within the BVAR.

#### **Responsible officer**

Senior Manager –Business Strategy & Resources

#### **Revised date**

# Appendix 2. Summary of 2021/22 national performance reports and briefing papers

May Local government in Scotland Overview 2021

June Covid 19: Personal protective equipment

July Community justice: Sustainable alternatives to custody

September Covid 19: Vaccination programme

January Planning for skills

Social care briefing

February NHS in Scotland 2021

March Local government in Scotland: Financial Overview 20/21 Drug and alcohol: An update

Scotland's economy: Supporting businesses through the Covid 19 pandemic

# **Scottish Borders Council**

#### 2021/22 Annual Audit Report

Audit Scotland's published material is available for download on the website in a number of formats. For information on our accessibility principles, please visit: <u>www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/accessibility</u>

For the latest news follow us on social media or subscribe to our email alerts.



Audit Scotland, 4th Floor, 102 West Port, Edinburgh EH3 9DN Phone: 0131 625 1500 Email: <u>info@audit-scotland.gov.uk</u> <u>www.audit-scotland.gov.uk</u>